Sec. 1.468B-1 Qualified settlement funds.

- (a) In general. A qualified settlement fund is a fund, account, or trust that satisfies the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) Coordination with other entity classifications. If a fund, account, or trust that is a qualified settlement fund could be classified as a trust within the meaning of Sec. 301.7701-4 of this chapter, it is classified as a qualified settlement fund for all purposes of the Internal Revenue Code (Code). If a fund, account, or trust, organized as a trust under applicable state law, is a qualified settlement fund, and could be classified as either an association (within the meaning of Sec. 301.7701-2 of this chapter) or a partnership (within the meaning of Sec. 301.7701-3 of this chapter), it is classified as a qualified settlement fund for all purposes of the Code.

 If a fund, account, or trust, established for contested liabilities

If a fund, account, or trust, established for contested liabilities pursuant to Sec. 1.461-2(c)(1) is a qualified settlement fund, it is classified as a qualified settlement fund for all purposes of the Code.

- (c) Requirements. A fund, account, or trust satisfies the requirements of this paragraph (c) if—
- (1) It is established pursuant to an order of, or is approved by, the United States, any state (including the District of Columbia), territory, possession, or political subdivision thereof, or any agency or instrumentality (including a court of law) of any of the foregoing and is subject to the continuing jurisdiction of that governmental authority;
- (2) It is established to resolve or satisfy one or more contested or uncontested claims that have resulted or may result from an event (or related series of events) that has occurred and that has given rise to at least one claim asserting liability--
- (i) Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (hereinafter referred to as CERCLA), as amended, 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.; or
- (ii) Arising out of a tort, breach of contract, or violation of law; or
- (iii) Designated by the Commissioner in a revenue ruling or revenue procedure; and
- (3) The fund, account, or trust is a trust under applicable state law, or its assets are otherwise segregated from other assets of the transferor (and related persons).